Next many physically reasonable variations in the parameters n_i^{P} , N_i^{P} and E_i^{P} were tried thus altering the intercepts on the plot. It was found that either the (c/a) equilibrium equation (6) and the C_H^{P} equation (7) could be satisfied, or the (c/a) equilibrium equation (6) and the C_{66}^{P} equation (8) could be satisfied, but the C_H^{P} equation (7) and the C_{66}^{P} equation (8) could be satisfied, but the C_H^{P} equation (7) and the C_{66}^{P} equation (8) could not be simultaneously satisfied with the required positive value of Z^2 .

From the above discussion one must conclude that a model more advanced that this one is necessary to interpret the elastic constants of cadmium. It is not unreasonable that the model used should break down for a high (c/a) ratio material like cadmium for one of the basic assumptions of the model is the rigid motion of <u>small</u> overlaps and holes with the Brillouin zone planes. A reciprocal space calculation comparing the free electron sphere to the Brillouin zone of cadmium estimates the number of overlap states (or the number of hole states) at approximately 14%.

Even though the B overlap is quite large, the approach used in this work might conceivably give a good estimate of the effect of this overlap. We believe in fact that the major difficulty is encountered in handling the motion of the holes.

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